652101

M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER - 2022

First Semester

International Business

MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS

(CBCS - 2022 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

 $\mathbf{Part} \mathbf{A} \qquad (10 \times 1 = 10)$

Answer all questions.

- 1. The principles of management serve as a general guideline for ———
 - (a) Decision making
 - (b) Managerial actions
 - (c) Both (a) and (b) are correct
 - (d) Both (a) and (b) are incorrect
- 2. Henri Fayol is known as ————
 - (a) The father of general management
 - (b) The father of shop floor management
 - (c) The father of scientific management
 - (d) All of the above
- 3. Which of the following is the correct meaning of concentration of decision-making authority?
 - (a) Span of management
 - (b) Centralization
 - (c) Decentralization
 - (d) None of the above

, ,	Conceptual skills		The the above
For	nal authority flow	vs froi	m upwards to downwards in
(a)	Formal organizat	tion	
(b)	Informal organiz	ation	
(c)	Business organis	ation	
(d)	Strategic organiz	ation	
	ordination is con agement because	nsider	ed to be the essence o
(a)	It is a common activities within		d that runs through all the ganisation
(b)	It is implicit an organisation	d inh	erent in all functions of the
(c)	It is a force management	that	binds all the functions o
(d)	All of the above		
Suc	cessful organisatio		not achieve goals by chance process known as
Suc	cessful organisatio		<u> </u>
Suce	cessful organisation by following a deli	berate	process known as
Successful	cessful organisation by following a delil Planning	berate (b) (d)	process known as Co-ordination
Successful	cessful organisation by following a delil Planning Controlling	(b) (d)	c process known as Co-ordination Management
Successful	cessful organisation by following a deliform Planning Controlling pevine is a form of	berate (b) (d)	c process known as Co-ordination Management
Successful	cessful organisation by following a delification Planning Controlling pevine is a form of Formal communication	berate (b) (d) detaction	e process known as Co-ordination Management tion
Succeptut (a) (c) Gra(a) (b)	cessful organisation by following a delification Planning Controlling pevine is a form of Formal communication Channel of communication	berate (b) (d) detation	e process known as Co-ordination Management tion on
Successful	cessful organisation by following a delily Planning Controlling pevine is a form of Formal communication Channel of communication	berate (b) (d) detation	e process known as Co-ordination Management tion on

Managerial skills involves

Technical skills

(b)

Human skills

4.

(a)

	(a)	Directing	(b)	Leadership			
	(c)	Communication	(d)	Motivation			
10.	topic	is a formal style of writing elaborately on a topic and the tone always formal					
	(a)	Drafting	(b)	Report writing			
	(c)	Messaging	(d)	Situational rep	ort		
		Pa	rt B		$(5 \times 5 = 25)$		
	A	nswer all questions	s, cho	osing either (a) o	r (b).		
All	l ques	tions carry equal m exceed one j		and each answer or 250 words.	should not		
11.	(a)	Explain the scope	of m	anagement funct	ions.		
			Or				
	(b)	What are the leve	el of n	nanagement?			
12.	(a)	Examine the typremises.	ypes	of planning a	nd planning		
			Or				
	(b)	Describe on Mana	ageme	ent By Objectives	s (MBO).		
13.	(a)	Examine the cond	ept 'I	Direction".			
			Or				
	(b)	Explain the impo	rtanc	e of Leadership.			
14.	(a)	Critically analyst communication.	se th	ne objectives ar	nd scope of		
			Or				
	(b)	Justify the need in organisation.	for o	ral and written _l	presentations		

———— is the process of exchanging information and understanding between two or more persons.

9.

15. (a) Evaluate the 3 P's of Business writing for goodwill messages.

Or

(b) Appraise the characteristics of report writing.

Part C $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

Answer any five questions.

All questions carry equal marks and each answer should not exceed two pages.

- 16. Critically examine the managerial skills at different levels of management.
- 17. Discuss the contribution of scientific school of management thought.
- 18. Describe on Delegation of authority and its process.
- 19. Summarise the different Departmentation basis and formats.
- 20. Appraise the importance of Motivation in the organisation.
- 21. Discuss the Controlling process and its objectives.
- 22. Explain the development of electronic technology in global business communication.
- 23. Examine on report structure and its relevance.

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M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER - 2022

First Semester

International Business

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

(CBCS - 2022 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Answer all questions.

- 1. Trade between two countries can be useful if cost ratios of goods are —————.
 - (a) Undetermined
- (b) Decreasing
- (c) Equal
- (d) Different
- 2. Which of the following theories suggests that firms seek to penetrate new markets over time?
 - (a) Imperfect Market Theory
 - (b) Product cycle theory
 - (c) Theory of Comparative Advantage
 - (d) None of the above
- 3. Trade In differentiated products refers to
 - (a) Intra industry trade
 - (b) Inter industry trade
 - (c) Trade based on economies of scale
 - (d) None of the above

4.	The paradox that Growth can make a country worse off is termed as
	(a) Leontiff Paradox
	(b) Rybezinsky Theorem
	(c) Immiserising Growth
	(d) Triffin Dilemma
5.	BOP includes
	(a) Current account
	(b) Capital Account
	(c) Official Reserve account
	(d) All the above
6.	is the deliberate downward adjustment in the official exchange rate, reduces the currency's value.
	(a) Devaluation (b) Depreciation
	(c) Revaluation (d) Appreciation
7.	The net benefits to economic agents from being allowed an increase in voluntary trading with each other is called ————
	(a) Gains from Trade
	(b) Depreciation from Trade
	(c) Benefits from Trade
	(d) Growth
8.	The main aim of — is to cushion domestic businesses and industries from overseas competition and prevent the outcome resulting solely from the interplay of free market forces of supply and demand.
	(a) Protectionism
	(b) Free Trade
	(c) Unobstructed trade
	(d) Globalization
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	(a)	Foreign Portfolio Investment					
	(b)	Foreign direct investment (FDI)					
	(c)	e) Foreign investment					
	(d)	None of these					
10.	whice	is defined as a transfer of the chimproves a country's technological cap	_				
	(a)	Technology Investment					
	(b)	Investment transfer					
	(c)	Knowledge transfer					
	(d)	Technology transfer					
		Part B	$(5 \times 5 = 25)$				
	A	nswer all questions, choosing either (a) o	r (b).				
All	ques	tions carry equal marks and each answer exceed one page or 250 words.	should not				
11.	(a)	Explain the scope of International Econ	omics.				
		Or					
	(b)	What are the bases of International tra	de?				
12.	(a)	Write a short note on Imperfect com- trade.	petition and				
		Or					
	(b)	Describe on the technology gap model.					
		3	R7778				

— is an ownership stake in a foreign

company or project made by an investor, company, or

government from another country.

9.

13. (a) Examine the components and significance of Balance of Trade.
Or
(b) What is exchange rate?
14. (a) Criticize the trade barriers in international trade.

Or

- (b) "Trade as a substitute for growth" Justify.
- 15. (a) Evaluate the significance of Foreign Direct Investment.

Or

(b) Appraise the factors involved in International Labour Migration.

Part C $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

Answer any **five** questions.

All questions carry equal marks and each answer should not exceed 2 page.

- 16. Critically examine the Comparative Cost Advantage Theory.
- 17. Discuss the Heckscher -Ohlin Model.
- 18. Describe the Theory of Immiserizing Growth with diagram.
- 19. Summarise the determinants of exchange rate.
- 20. Appraise the achievements of NAFTA.
- 21. Discuss the Technology transfer and its importance.
- 22. Give a brief account on Fixed and floating exchange rate system.
- 23. Examine on Free trade Vs Protection.

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M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER - 2022

First Semester

International Business

ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGERS

(CBCS - 2022 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Answer all the questions.

- 1. Accounting concepts are based on
 - (a) Assumptions
 - (b) Facts and figures
 - (c) Accounting records
 - (d) Government guidelines
- 2. The unfavorable balance of profit and loss account should be
 - (a) Subtracted from liabilities
 - (b) Subtracted from capital
 - (c) Subtracted from current liabilities
 - (d) Added in liabilities

Fina	Financial statements mainly help in					
(a)	Assumption of economic events					
(b)	Anticipation of economic events					
(c)	Recording of economic events					
(d)	Communication of economic events					
gene	is a measure of liquidity that excludes erally the least liquid asset.					
(a)	Liquid ratio, Accounts receivables					
(b)	Current ratio, Inventory					
(c)	Liquid ratio, Inventory					
(d)	Current ratio, Accounts receivables					
Fun	d flow statement is tool for ————					
(a)	Performance analysis					
(b)	Cost control management					
(c)	Budgeting					
(d)	Financial analysis					
In fu	and flow statement depreciation is					
(a)	Source of working capital					
(b)	Added to net profit					
(c)	Subtracted from net profit					
(d)	Ignored					
Whi	ch of the following is a financial budget?					
(a)	Cash budget					
(b)	Capital budget					
(c)	Working Capital Budget					
(d)	Sales budget					
	2 R7779					

	(c)	Zero base	budgetin	g			
	(d)	Fixed budg	get				
9.		e cost which it is closed is		inc	urred even	when a	business
	(a)	Imputed co	ost	(b)	Historical o	cost	
	(c)	Sunk cost		(d)	Shutdown	cost	
10. Cost classification can be done in							
	(a)	Two ways		(b)	Three ways	3	
	(c)	Four ways		(d)	Several wa	ys	
			Par	t B		($5 \times 5 = 25)$
	Ar	nswer all the	question	ıs, ch	oosing eithe	er (a) or	(b).
11.	(a)	Prepare T	rail balaı	nce f	rom the follo	owing.	
		Particulars	Rs.	P	articulars	Rs.	
		Capital	50,000	Ba	nk	4,500)
		Sales	25,000	Op	ening stock	5,200)
		Purchase	20,000	Sal	aries	2,000)
		Insurance	300	Dra	awings	10,000)
		Debtor	2,500	$\operatorname{Cr}\epsilon$	editor	1,000)
		Rent	1,500	Cas	sh	2,000)
		Plant	28,000				
				Or			
	(b)	Distinguis sheet.	h betwe	een	trail balan	ice and	l balance
				3			R7779

The budget is starts without any base is —

Master budget

Flexible budget

8.

(a)(b)

12. (a) Calculate Gross Profit ratio:

Sales	2,20,000	Purchases	1,75,000
Sales return	20,000	Purchase returns	15,000
Opening stock	30,000	Closing stock	40,000

Or

- (b) Explain the managerial use of ratio analysis.
- 13. (a) From the following two balance sheets of X Ltd., Prepare a sources and uses of funds statement for 2020.

Particulars	31st December 2020	31st December 2021
Liabilities:		
Acounts payable	45,000	50,000
Bills payable	55,000	20,000
Capital stock	1,50,000	1,25,000
Retained Earnings	75,000	60,000
	3,25,000	2,55,000
Assets:		
Cash	75,000	35,000
Accounts Receivable	90,000	98,000
Inventory	1,20,000	87,000
Long term	10,000	15,000
Investments		
Land	30,000	20,000
	3,25,000	2,55,000

Or

(b) Explain the procedures for the preparation of cash flow statement.

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14. (a) Prepare a production budget for three months ending March 31. 2022 for a factory producing four products, on the basis of following information:

Type of	Estimated	Estimated	Desired
product	stock on	sales during	closing
	January	January –	sotck
	1,2022	March, 2022	March
	UNITS	UNITS	31,2022
			UNITS
A	2,000	10,00	5,000
В	3,000	15,000	4,000
\mathbf{C}	4,000	13,000	3,000
D	5,000	12,000	2,000

Or

- (b) Discuss budgetary control and state its advantages.
- 15. (a) The accounts of the Max Steel Engineering Co. Ltd. show for 2022.

Particulars	Rs.
Materials used	1,80,000
Market and machine labour wages directly chargeable	1,60,000
Works overhead expenditure	40,000
Establishment and general	19,000
expenses	

Show the works cost and total cost.

Or

(b) State the advantages of cost volume profit analysis.

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Part C

 $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

Answer any **five** questions.

16. From following Trail Balances extracted from the books of Kamala. Prepare Trading and Profit and loss account and Balance sheet for the year ended 31-12-2022.

Debit balances	Rs.	Credit balances	Rs.
Cash at Bank	2,610	Creditors	4,700
Book debts	11,070	Discounts	150
Salaries	4,950	Creditors for expenses	400
Carriage inwards	1,450	Return outwards	2,520
Carriage outwards	1,590	Sales	80,410
Bed debts	1,310	Capital	40,000
Office expenses	5,100		
Purchases	67,350		
Return inwards	1,590		
Furniture and fixtures	1,500		
Stock	14,360		
Insurance	3,300		
Depreciation on property	1,200		
Freehold property	10,800		
Total	1,28,180		1,28,180

6

Adjustments:

- (a) Closing stock on 31.12.2022 as Rs. 10,700 including stationary stock Rs. 200.
- (b) Calculate discount on creditors @2%
- (c) Make a provision for doubtful debts at 5%.
- (d) Office expenses include stationary purchased Rs.800.
- (e) Carriage inwards includes carriage paid on purchase of furniture Rs.50.
- (f) Outstanding salaries Rs. 150 and Prepaid insurance Rs. 300.
- 17. From the following particulars find out (a) Current ratio (b) Liquid ratio (c) Proprietary ratio (d) Debt-Equity ratio

Rs.	Assets	Rs.
5,00,000	Land and Building	6,00,000
2,00,000	Plant and Machinery	5,00,000
4,00,000	Stock	2,40,000
3,00,000	Debtors	2,00,000
1,50,000	Cash and Bank	55,000
50,000	Pre-paid expenses	5,000
16,00,000		16,00,000
	5,00,000 2,00,000 4,00,000 3,00,000 1,50,000 50,000	5,00,000 Land and Building 2,00,000 Plant and Machinery 4,00,000 Stock 3,00,000 Debtors 1,50,000 Cash and Bank 50,000 Pre-paid expenses

18. After taking into account the under mentioned items. Jain Ltd. made a Net profit of Rs. 1,00,000 for the year ended 31st Dec2021. Find out Cash from operations.

Loss on sale of machinery	10,000
Depreciation on building	4,000
Depreciation on machinery	5,000
Preliminary expenses written off	5,000
Provision for taxation	10,000
Goodwill written off	5,000
Gain on sale of buildings	8,000

- 19. State the main objectives and functions of budgetary control.
- 20. The following information has been obtained from X Ltd. for the period of $1^{\rm st}$ May to $31^{\rm st}$ may 2022. Prepare a Cost Sheet.

Particulars	Amount (in
	Rs.)
Cost of raw materials in stock	30,000
(01.05.2022)	
Raw materials purchased during	2,90,000
month	
Direct labour	40,000
Factory overheads	24,000
Direct expenses	6,000

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Particulars	Amount (in
	Rs.)
Office overheads	12,000
Stock of finished goods (01.05.2022)	60,000
Stock of finished goods (31.05.2022)	80,000
Stock of raw materials (3 1.05.2022)	45,000
Selling and distribution overheads	20,000
Selling and distribution overheads	20,000
Sales	4,00,000

- 21. Summarise the objectives and advantages of costing.
- 22. The expenses for budgeted production of 10,000 units in a factory are furnished below:

	Per Unit	(Rs)
Materials	70	
Labour	25	
Variable Overheads	20	
Fixed Overheads (Rs. 1,00,000)		
	10	
Variable Expenses (Direct)	5	
Selling Expenses (10% Fixed)	13	
Distribution Expenses (20% Fixed))	
	7	
Administration Expenses	5	
Total Cost per unit	155	
9		R7779

Prepare a budget for production of

- (a) 8,000 Units
- (b) 6,000 Units
- (c) Indicate cost per unit at both the levels. Assume that administration expenses are fixed for all levels of production.
- 23. Describe the nature and limitation of financial statements.

M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER – 2022.

First Semester

International Business

ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

		(CBCS – 2	2022	onwards)
Time	Time: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks			
		Par	rt A	$(10 \times 1 = 10)$
		Answer al	l the	questions.
1.	Orga	anizational behavio	r does	s not contribute to improve
	(a)	Motivation		
	(b)	Efficiency		
	(c)	Interpersonal rela	tiona	l
	(d)	Communication		
2.		which level of an ager operate?	org	anization does a corporate
	(a)	Middle level	(b)	Functional level
	(c)	Operational level	(d)	Top level
3.	Ever	y individual is —		— by their personality.
	(a)	Intellectual	(b)	Specific
	(c)	Unique	(d)	Systematic

	(a)	The self-concept	(b)	Self-motivation
	(c)	Self-control	(d)	Regular exercise
5.		ef, opinion, knowle he components of	edge,	emotions feelings intention
	(a)	Organizational be	havio	or
	(b)	Job satisfaction		
	(c)	Attitude		
	(d)	Personality		
6.		ch of the following	is/ar	re not direct method to solve
	(a)	Persuasion		
	(b)	Domination by the	e mar	nagement
	(c)	Removing key figu	ires i	n conflict
	(d)	Problem solving		
7.	The	most important def	initio	on of power is
	(a)	Persuasion	(b)	Potential
	(c)	Discretion	(d)	Dependency
8.	with	is not an in political behavior.	ndivio	dual characteristic associated
	(a)	Internal local of co	ontrol	1
	(b)	Low self-monitor		
	(c)	High need for pow	er	
	(d)	Machiavellianism		
			2	R7780

How does an individual cope with stress?

4.

9.		core values, beliefs, and assumptions that are widely ed by members of an organization are termed as
	(a)	Organizational culture
	(b)	Organizational climate
	(c)	Mission statement
	(d)	Strategic plan
10.		set of beliefs, values and attitudes shared by yone in the organization is
	(a)	Organizational climate
	<i>a</i> .	

- (b) Organizational design
- (c) Organizational culture
- (d) Organizational change

Part B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

All questions carry equal marks and each answer should not exceed one page or 250 words.

11. (a) Discuss the elements of organizational behaviour.

Or

- (b) How the socio-cultural difference influence International organizational behaviour.
- 12. (a) Evaluate the concept "Individual Difference".

Or

- (b) Explain the components and formation of attitudes.
- 13. (a) Determine the types and reasons for enforcement of group norms.

Or

(b) Discuss the advantages of group cohesiveness.

14. Distinguish between power and authority. (a) Or Explain the political behaviour and organizational (b) politics. 15. determinants and forms (a) List out the

organizational designs.

State the need for organizational development. (b)

> Part C $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

of

Answer any **five** questions.

All questions carry equal marks and each answer should not exceed two page.

- 16. Explain the different models and approaches of organizational behaviour.
- 17. Enumerate the impact and consequences of stress.
- 18. Describe the types and factors influencing intelligence.
- 19. Examine the group dynamics and its types.
- 20. Elaborate the techniques of managing political behaviour.
- 21. Enumerate the approaches and factors of organizational effectiveness.
- 22. What is Resistance to change? How to manage resistance to change.
- Analyse group conflict and explain the reasons and 23. management of group conflict.

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M.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER - 2022

First Semester

International Business

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FOR BUSINESS

(CBCS - 2022 onwards)

Time: 3 Hours Maximum: 75 Marks

Part A $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Answer all questions.

- 1. The most important software that runs on a computer and manages the computer's memory and processes.
 - (a) Operating system
 - (b) Application software
 - (c) Time-Sharing Operating System
 - (d) Embedded Operating System
- 2. ______ is the process of setting a network's controls, flow and operation to support the network communication of an organization and/or network owner.
 - (a) Network preferences
 - (b) Network configuration
 - (c) Network reset safe
 - (d) None of the above

pers	creating conalized for each re		batch of documents that a nt.
(a)	Mail Generation	(b)	Mail merge
(c)	Mail Forward	(d)	Spreadsheet
of s drav	steps by which s	omet	data, methods or a sequen hing is done and contain er images to communica
(a)	PPT	(b)	Slide show
(c)	Animation	(d)	Chart
conv	is the ventions and formal		e of appropriate languag an email.
(a)	Business Email	(b)	Email etiquette
(c)	Netiquette	(d)	None of the above
Wi-]	Fi is the short form	of —	
(a)	Wireless Fidelity	(b)	Wire Fidelity
(c)	Wireless Fixation	(d)	None of these.
orde	lement of funds, ver by order basis, wi	which thou	
` ′	RTGS	, ,	Internet security
(c)	E-Banking	(d)	All the above
The	main types of e-con	nmer	ce tool
(a)	Business-to-Busin	iess	
	Business-to-Consu	ımer	
(b)	Dusiness-to-Const		
(b) (c)	Consumer-to-Cons	sume	r

	is an electronic representation of the ailable money assigned to someone (a person or a npany).
(a)	E-cash (b) Digital cash
(c)	Investment Cash (d) None of these
	allows individuals and corporations to tess all the banking and financial facilities using tworks such as the internet.
(a)	E-Banking
(b)	Investment Banking
(c)	Knowledge Banking
(d)	Technology Banking
	Part B $(5 \times 5 = 25)$
1	Answer all questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
l que	estions carry equal marks and each answer should not exceed one page or 250 words.
(a)	Explain the Operating System (OS) in computer.
	Or
(b)	Write short note on Network setting.
(a)	Discuss on creating, saving and formatting documents in MS Word.
	Or
(h)	Evaluate the usage of MS Excel in husiness

3

13. Appraise the Email Etiquette followed in business. (a) Or Explain the usage of search engines and portals. (b) 14. What are the objectives of E-Commerce. (a) Or (b) Assess the need for computerization in Banking. 15. (a) Describe on payment security and E-security. Or (b) Discuss Cryptography and its practices. Part C $(5 \times 8 = 40)$ Answer any **five** questions. All questions carry equal marks and each answer should not exceed two page. 16. Describe the fundamentals models of e-business. Elucidate on E-Business initiatives in companies. 17. 18. Examine the application of Power Point presentation in business. 19. Summarise on the modifying database and report generation in MS Access. 20. Determine the use of video conferencing in business. 21. Criticize the use of Internet Banking and Electronic Fund Transfer methods. 22. Evaluate the modern E-payment system and its advantages in business.

Appraise the usage and benefits of Mail Merge system.

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23.